

कम्प्यूटर परिपत्र सं - 2324008 दिनांक 23-06-2023



**Office of the Commissioner,  
State Tax, Uttar Pradesh,  
(GST Section)**

Letter No. GST/2023-24/ 61 /State Tax  
Lucknow: Dated: 23, June, 2023

To,

All Zonal Additional Commissioner, Grade -1,  
Additional Commissioner, Grade -2, (S.I.B.)  
Joint Commissioner, (Executive/Corporate Circle/ S.I.B)  
State Tax, Uttar Pradesh.

**Subject: Guidelines for processing of applications for registration – regarding.**

Instances have come to notice regarding unscrupulous elements obtaining fake/ bogus registration under GST and defrauding the Government exchequer. Such fake/ non-genuine registrations are being used to fraudulently pass on input tax credit to unscrupulous recipients by issuing invoices without any underlying supply of goods or services or both. This menace of fake registrations and issuance of bogus invoices for passing of fake ITC has become a serious problem, wherein fraudulent people engage in dubious and complex transactions, causing revenue loss to the government.

2. Various modus operandi of obtaining such fake registrations have been detected by Central and State Tax administrations. In some cases, identities of other persons like PAN, Aadhaar, etc. have been misused without their knowledge to obtain GST registration. Forged documents, such as forged electricity bills, property tax receipts, rent agreements, etc. are also being used as proof of principal place of business to obtain GST registration. In some cases, forged identities have been created by using same photo of a person on different Aadhaar cards under different names. In one of the cases detected recently, it has been found that a few fraudsters have obtained fake GST registrations on the basis of PAN and Aadhaar number of persons from economically weaker sections by fraudulently modifying the phone number on the Aadhaar cards of these persons by taking these persons to the Aadhaar Seva Kendra by giving a nominal cash amount under guise of a government scheme and getting their Aadhaar Cards linked to dummy mobile numbers by using their thumb impression.

3. To address this problem of fake registration and fake input tax credit, Circular No. 2324004 dated 08.05.2023 has been issued for concerted and coordinated action on a mission mode by Central and State tax authorities in the form of a Special All-India Drive against fake registrations.

4. In this context, it is further felt that verification of applications for registration by the proper officers is one of the most crucial steps in the direction of preventing the menace of



fake or bogus registrations. While numerous initiatives have been/are being undertaken on the policy and systems level, it is pertinent to strengthen the process of scrutiny and verification of such applications for registration at the end of tax officers.

5. Accordingly, the following guidelines are issued for strengthening the process of verification of applications for registration at the end of tax officers in a uniform manner:

5.1 Immediately on receipt of the application for the registration on the Boweb Portal, the officer shall initiate the process of scrutiny and verification of the details filled by the applicant in the application for registration in **FORM GST REG-01** and the documents uploaded by the applicant along with the said application.

5.2 **FORM GST REG-01** prescribes a list of documents to be uploaded by the applicant in respect of photograph, constitution of business, principal place of business, bank account, etc. The proper officer shall carefully scrutinize the said documents to ensure that the documents are legible, complete and relevant. Further, the details or information furnished by the applicant in the application should also be carefully examined by the proper officer to check completeness of the same, to correlate and cross-verify the same with the uploaded documents and to check the authenticity of the applicant. The details of the address of principal and additional places of business and the corresponding documents uploaded with the application as proof of address may be closely scrutinised to verify completeness and correctness of address of such places of business. Further, to the extent possible, the authenticity of the documents furnished as proof of address may be cross-verified from the publicly available sources, such as websites of the concerned authorities such as land registry, electricity distribution companies, municipalities, and local bodies, etc.

5.3 In order to facilitate targeted approach in verification and processing of registration applications, the Directorate General of Analytics and Risk Management (DGARM), in coordination with GSTN, is conducting risk rating of the applications for registration in form of High, Medium and Low risk rating for each application for registration (ARN), based on data analytics and risk parameters, and making the same available to the SGST field formations on regular basis. Accordingly, the proper officer shall check the said risk rating made available by the DGARM in respect of the concerned ARN and take the same into consideration while verifying and processing the said application. Special attention needs to be paid to the cases where "High" risk rating has been assigned to an ARN.

5.4 The proper officer may also check as to whether the registration(s) has been obtained on the same PAN earlier, either within the same State or other State(s). In such cases, the status of the said PAN as well as the compliance record of the said GSTINs may also be checked from the portal. The proper officer may also give due consideration and special attention to the cases involving *inter alia* the following circumstances:

- (i) where any registration obtained on the PAN of the applicant has been cancelled previously;



(ii) where any registration obtained on the PAN of the applicant is suspended at the time of verification of a new application of registration;

(iii) whether any application for registration on the PAN of the applicant has been rejected previously;

(iv) whether the place of business of the applicant appears to be risky based on local risk parameters;

(v) whether the proof of address of place(s) of business prima facie appear to be suspicious/ doubtful on the basis of scrutiny of the application and the documents.

5.5 Where the application is found to be deficient, either in terms of any information or any requisite document or where the proper officer requires any clarification with regard to any information provided in the application or documents furnished therewith or in respect of any other fact, he shall issue a notice to the applicant electronically in **FORM GST REG-03** within the prescribed time limit.

5.6 Without prejudice to the facts of the case, the proper officer may seek clarification or information or document(s) *inter alia* in the following cases:

(i) where any document is incomplete or not legible, the proper officer may seek complete or legible copy of the same.

(ii) where the address of place of business does not match with the document uploaded by the applicant, or where such uploaded document does not appear to be a valid proof of the address of the said place of business, the proper officer may seek additional documents to confirm the address details.

(iii) where the address of place of business is incomplete or vague, the proper officer may seek complete and unambiguous details of the address along with the corresponding documentary proof.

(iv) where any GSTIN linked to the PAN of the applicant is found cancelled or suspended, the proper officer may seek clarification or reasons for the same from the applicant, if required.

5.7 The proper officer shall carefully examine the clarification, information or documents furnished by the applicant in **FORM GST REG-04** in response to the notice issued in **FORM GST REG-03**. Where the proper officer is satisfied with the reply furnished by the applicant in **FORM GST REG-04**, he may approve the grant of registration to the applicant within the prescribed time period. However, where the proper officer is not satisfied with the clarification, information or documents furnished, he may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, reject such application and inform the applicant electronically in **FORM GST REG-05** within the prescribed time period. Besides, where no reply is furnished by the applicant in response to the notice issued under in **FORM GST REG-03**, within the prescribed time period, the proper officer may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, reject such application and inform the applicant electronically in **FORM GST REG-05**.



5.8 The proper officer must ensure that the said notice in **FORM GST REG-03**, wherever required, is issued electronically within a period of seven working days from the date of submission of the application in cases where the applicant has undergone authentication of Aadhaar number and within a period of thirty days in cases specified in proviso to sub-rule (1) of rule 9 of UPGST Rules, 2017.

5.9 Where the applicant has either failed to undergo authentication of Aadhaar number or has not opted for authentication of Aadhaar number, the proper officer shall immediately initiate the process for physical verification of the place of business in accordance with provisions of rule 9 of UPGST Rules read with rule 25 thereof.

5.10 In this regard, the concerned officer must also ensure that the physical verification report along with the other documents, including photographs, is uploaded on the system in **FORM GST REG-30** sufficiently in advance of the prescribed time limit.

5.11 Further, even in cases where the applicant has undergone authentication of Aadhaar number, if the proper officer, based on the scrutiny of the application for registration and the uploaded documents, is of the opinion that physical verification of the place of business is essential to check the authenticity of the applicant, the proper officer may get such physical verification conducted in a time bound manner. The concerned zones may devise a suitable mechanism at the local level so as to ensure that physical verification is conducted in a timely manner in respect of such essential cases and the concerned applications for registration are disposed of within the time limit prescribed in rule 9 of UPGST Rules, 2017.

6 While processing the applications for registration, including in those cases where physical verification is to be conducted, it will be ensured by the proper officer that the application is either rejected or accepted or relevant query is raised within the prescribed time limit and no application for grant of registration is approved on deemed basis for want of timely action on the part of tax officers. Strict view may be taken where any gross negligence is observed on part of the concerned officer(s).

7. Further, where ever the registration is granted on deemed approval basis or where registration is granted by the proper officer in cases covered under the parameters referred in para 5.4 as well in cases where "High" risk rating has been assigned to an application for registration (ARN) , physical verification of the same should be conducted without any delay. If such matter is related to other jurisdiction, immediate communication should be made to the concerned jurisdictional officer and such officer shall take immediate necessary action on his part.

8. The Joint Commissioner(Executive), State Tax may closely supervise the status of processing of the applications of registration, including physical verifications, in their respective ranges. Wherever it is noticed that the application for registration has been granted deemed approval, the reasons for the same may be got examined by the Joint Commissioner(Executive), State Tax for taking subsequent remedial action, if any, in a time bound manner.

9. Difficulties, if any, in implementation of these instructions may be informed to the Undersigned.

By Order,

  
(Ministhy S.)

Commissioner, State Tax,  
Uttar Pradesh

**Copy To:**

1. Joint Commissioner (I.T.), State Tax HQ, Lucknow for uploading the Circular on the Departmental Website.

  
Additional Commissioner (GST)

State Tax HQ, Lucknow.