

पत्र संख्या-जी0एस0टी0/2024-25/

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/ राज्य कर

कार्यालय आयुक्त, राज्य कर,
उत्तर प्रदेश।

(जी0एस0टी0 अनुभाग)

लखनऊ: दिनांक- 05 जुलाई, 2024

समस्त,

जोनल अपर आयुक्त ग्रेड-1,

अपर आयुक्त ग्रेड-2 (वि0अनु0शा0),

संयुक्त आयुक्त(कार्य0/ वि0अनु0शा0)

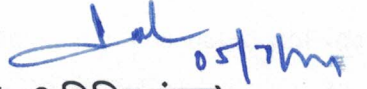
राज्य कर, उत्तर प्रदेश।

विषय- Clarification on valuation of supply of import of services by a related person where recipient is eligible to full input tax credit.

भारत सरकार, वित्त मंत्रालय, राजस्व विभाग द्वारा 'Clarification on valuation of supply of import of services by a related person where recipient is eligible to full input tax credit' के विषय पर परिपत्र संख्या 210/04/2024 दिनांक 26.06.2024 जारी किया गया है।

उक्त जारी परिपत्र की छायाप्रति इस पत्र के साथ संलग्न कर इस निर्देश के साथ प्रेषित है कि उपरोक्त से अपने अधीनस्थ अधिकारियों एवं विभिन्न व्यापारिक संगठनों को अवगत कराना सुनिश्चित करें।

संलग्नक - उपरोक्तानुसार।


(डा0 नितिन बंसल)

आयुक्त, राज्य कर,
उत्तर प्रदेश।

प्रतिलिपि- संयुक्त आयुक्त(आई0टी0), राज्य कर मुख्यालय, लखनऊ को उक्त पत्र विभागीय वेबसाइट पर अपलोड कराने हेतु।

संयुक्त आयुक्त (जी0एस0टी0),
राज्य कर मुख्यालय, लखनऊ।

F. No. CBIC- 20001/4/2024-GST
Government of India
Ministry of Finance
Department of Revenue
Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs
GST Policy Wing

North Block, New Delhi,
Dated the 26th June, 2024

To,

The Principal Chief Commissioners/Chief Commissioners/Principal Commissioners/
Commissioners of Central Tax (All)
The Principal Directors General/ Directors General (All)

Madam/Sir,

Subject: Clarification on valuation of supply of import of services by a related person where recipient is eligible to full input tax credit – Reg.

As per S.No. 4 of Schedule I of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (hereinafter referred to as the 'CGST Act'), import of services by a person from a related person or from any of his other establishments outside India, in the course or furtherance of business, is to be treated as supply even if made without consideration.

2. Representations have been received from trade and industry stating that demands are being raised by some of the field formations against the registered persons seeking tax on reverse charge basis in respect of certain activities undertaken by their related persons based outside India, by considering the said activities as import of services by the registered person in India, based on an expansive interpretation of the deeming fiction in S.No. 4 of Schedule I of CGST Act, though no consideration is involved in the said activities and the same are not considered as supplies by the said related person in India. It has been represented that the same treatment, which is being given to domestic related parties/ distinct persons as per clarification provided by Circular No. 199/11/2023-GST dated 17.07.2023, may also be provided in cases where a foreign entity is providing service to its related party located in India, in cases where full ITC is available to the said recipient located in India.

3.1 In order to clarify the issue and to ensure uniformity in the implementation of the provisions of law across the field formations, the Board, in exercise of its powers conferred by section 168 (1) of the CGST Act, hereby clarifies the issues as under:

3.2 Rule 28 of Central Goods and Services Tax Rules, 2017 (hereinafter referred to as the 'CGST Rules') is reproduced as below:

"Rule 28. Value of supply of goods or services or both between distinct or related persons, other than through an agent. –

(1) The value of the supply of goods or services or both between distinct persons as specified in sub-section (4) and (5) of section 25 or where the supplier and recipient are related, other than where the supply is made through an agent, shall-

(a) be the open market value of such supply;

(b) if the open market value is not available, be the value of supply of goods or services of like kind and quality;

(c) if the value is not determinable under clause (a) or (b), be the value as determined by the application of rule 30 or rule 31, in that order:

Provided that where the goods are intended for further supply as such by the recipient, the value shall, at the option of the supplier, be an amount equivalent to ninety percent of the price charged for the supply of goods of like kind and quality by the recipient to his customer not being a related person:

Provided further that where the recipient is eligible for full input tax credit, the value declared in the invoice shall be deemed to be the open market value of the goods or services.

..."

3.3 As per second proviso to rule 28(1) of CGST Rules, in cases involving supply of goods or services or both between the **distinct or related persons** where the recipient is eligible for full input tax credit, the value declared in the invoice shall be deemed to be the open market value of the said goods or services.

3.4 It may be noted that vide Circular No. 199/11/2023-GST dated 17.07.2023, clarification has been issued regarding taxability of services provided by an office of an organisation in one State to the office of that organisation in another State, both being distinct persons. It has been clarified in the said circular that as per the second proviso to rule 28(1) of CGST Rules, in respect of supply of services by Head Office(HO) to Branch Offices(BO) of an organisation, the value of the said supply of services declared in the invoice by HO shall be deemed to be open market value of such services, if the recipient BO is eligible for full input tax credit. It has also

been clarified vide the said circular that in cases where full input tax credit is available to the recipient, if HO has not issued a tax invoice to the BO in respect of any particular services being rendered by HO to the said BO, the value of such services may be deemed to be declared as Nil by HO to BO, and may be deemed as open market value in terms of second proviso to rule 28(1) of CGST Rules.

3.5 The second proviso to Rule 28 (1) of CGST Rules, is applicable in all the cases involving supply of goods or services or both between the **distinct persons** as well as the **related persons, in cases where full ITC is available to the recipient**. Accordingly, it is evident that the clarification which has been issued vide Circular No. 199/11/2023-GST dated 17.07.2023 in respect of supplies of services between distinct persons in cases where full ITC is available to the recipient, is equally applicable in respect of import of services between related persons.

3.6 In case of import of services by a registered person in India from a **related person located outside India, the tax is required to be paid by the registered person in India under reverse charge mechanism**. In such cases, the registered person in India is required to issue self-invoice under Section 31(3)(f) of CGST Act and pay tax on reverse charge basis.

3.7 In view of the above, it is clarified that in cases where the foreign affiliate is providing certain services to the related domestic entity, and where full input tax credit is available to the said related domestic entity, the value of such supply of services declared in the invoice by the said related domestic entity may be deemed as open market value in terms of second proviso to rule 28(1) of CGST Rules. Further, in cases where full input tax credit is available to the recipient, if the invoice is not issued by the related domestic entity with respect to any service provided by the foreign affiliate to it, the value of such services may be deemed to be declared as Nil, and may be deemed as open market value in terms of second proviso to rule 28(1) of CGST Rules.

4. It is requested that suitable trade notices may be issued to publicize the contents of this Circular.

5. Difficulty, if any, in the implementation of the above instructions may please be brought to the notice of the Board. Hindi version would follow.

(Sanjay Mangal)
Principal Commissioner (GST)