

Office of the Commissioner, Commercial Tax, Uttar Pradesh, (GST Section)

Letter No. GST/2020-21/1007

/Commercial Tax

Dated:26 March, 2020

To

All Zonal Additional Commissioner, Grade -1, Additional Commissioner, Grade -2, (S.I.B.), Joint Commissioner, (Executive/Corporate Circle/ S.I.B), Commercial Tax, Uttar Pradesh.

<u>Subject: Clarification in respect of issues under GST law for companies under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code</u>, 2016 - Reg.

Various representations have been received from the trade and industry seeking clarification on issues being faced by entities covered under Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 (hereinafter referred to as the "IBC").

- 2. As per IBC, once an entity defaults certain threshold amount, Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process (hereafter referred to as "CIRP") gets triggered and the management of such entity (Corporate Debtor) and its assets vest with an interim resolution professional (hereafter referred to as "IRP") or resolution professional (hereafter referred to as "RP"). It continues to run the business and operations of the said entity as a going concern till the insolvency proceeding is over and an order is passed by the National Company Law Tribunal (hereinafter referred to as the "NCLT")
- 3. To address the aforementioned problems, notification No.-426/XI-2-9(47)/17-U.P.Act-1-2017-Order-(104)-2020 Dated 30 April, 2020, dated 21.03.2020 has been issued by the Government prescribing special procedure under section 148 of the Uttar Pradesh State Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (hereinafter referred to as the "UPSGST Act") for the corporate debtors who are undergoing CIRP under the provisions of IBC and the management of whose affairs are being undertaken by IRP/RP. In order to ensure uniformity in the implementation of the provisions of the law across the field formations, the Commissioner, in exercise of its powers conferred under section 168 of the UPSGST Act hereby clarifies various issues in the table below:-

S.No.	Issue	Clarification
1.	How are dues under GST	In accordance with the provisions of the IBC
	for pre-CIRP period be	and various legal pronouncements on the
	dealt?	issue, no coercive action can be taken against
		the corporate debtor with respect to the dues
		for period prior to insolvency commencement
		date. The dues of the period prior to the
		commencement of CIRP will be treated as
		'operational debt' and claims may be filed by
		the proper officer before the NCLT in
		accordance with the provisions of the IBC. The tax officers shall seek the details of
		supplies made / received and total tax dues
		pending from the corporate debtor to file the
		claim before the NCLT.
		Moreover, section 14 of the IBC mandates the
		imposition of a moratorium period, wherein
		the institution of suits or continuation of
		pending suits or proceedings against the
		corporate debtor is prohibited.
2.	Should the GST registration	It is clarified that the GST registration of an
	of corporate debtor be	entity for which CIRP has been initiated
	cancelled?	should not be cancelled under the provisions
		of section 29 of the UPSGST Act, 2017. The
		proper officer may, if need be, suspend the
		registration. In case the registration of an
		entity undergoing CIRP has already been cancelled and it is within the period of
		revocation of cancellation of registration, it is
		advised that such cancellation may be revoked
		by taking appropriate steps in this regard.
3	Is IRP/RP liable to file	No. In accordance with the provisions of IBC,
	returns of pre-CIRP	2016, the IRP/RP is under obligation to
	period?	comply with all legal requirements for period
		after the Insolvency Commencement Date.
		Accordingly, it is clarified that IRP/RP are not
		under an obligation to file returns of pre-CIRP period.
		Parcel
	During CII	RP period
4	Should a new registration be	The corporate debtor who is undergoing CIRP
	taken by the corporate	is to be treated as a distinct person of the
	debtor during the CIRP	corporate debtor and shall be liable to take a
	period?	new registration in each State or Union
		territory where the corporate debtor was
		registered earlier, within thirty days of the appointment of the IRP/RP. Further, in cases
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		where the IRP/RP has been appointed prior to the issuance of notification No426/XI-2-9(47)/17-U.P.Act-1-2017-Order-(104)-2020 Dated 30 April, 2020, he shall take registration within thirty days of issuance of the said notification, with effect from date of his appointment as IRP/RP.
5	How to file First Return after obtaining new registration?	The IRP/RP will be liable to furnish returns, make payment of tax and comply with all the provisions of the GST law during CIRP period. The IRP/RP is required to ensure that the first return is filed under section 40 of the UPSGST Act, for the period beginning the date on which it became liable to take registration till the date on which registration has been granted.
6	How to avail ITC for invoices issued to the erstwhile registered person in case the IRP/RP has been appointed before issuance of notification No426/XI-2-9(47)/17-U.P.Act-1-2017-Order-(104)-2020 Dated 30 April, 2020 and no return has been filed by the IRP during the CIRP?	The special procedure issued under section 148 of the UPSGST Act has provided the manner of availment of ITC while furnishing the first return under section 40. The said class of persons shall, in his first return, be eligible to avail input tax credit on invoices covering the supplies of goods or services or both, received since appointment as IRP/RP and during the CIRP period but bearing the GSTIN of the erstwhile registered person, subject to the conditions of Chapter V of the UPSGST Act and rule made there under, except the provisions of sub-section (4) of section 16 of the UPSGST Act and sub-rule (4) of rule 36 of the UPSGST Rules. In terms of the special procedure under section 148 of the UPSGST Act issued vide notification No426/XI-2-9(47)/17-U.P.Act-1-2017-Order-(104)-2020 Dated 30 April, 2020. This exception is made only for the first return filed under section 40 of the UPSGST Act.
7	How to avail ITC for invoices by persons who are availing supplies from the corporate debtors undergoing CIRP, in cases where the IRP/RP was appointed before the issuance of the notification No426/XI-2-9(47)/17-	Registered persons who are receiving supplies from the said class of persons shall, for the period from the date of appointment of IRP / RP till the date of registration as required in this notification or 30 days from the date of this notification, whichever is earlier, be eligible to avail input tax credit on invoices issued using the GSTIN of the erstwhile registered person, subject to the conditions of

	U.P.Act-1-2017-Order-(104)- 2020 Dated 30 April, 2020.?	Chapter V of the UPSGST Act and rule made thereunder, except the provisions of sub-rule (4) of rule 36 of the UPSGST Rules
8	Some of the IRP/RPs have made deposit in the cash ledger of erstwhile registration of the corporate debtor. How to claim refund for amount deposited in the cash ledger by the IRP/RP?	Any amount deposited in the cash ledger by the IRP/RP, in the existing registration, from the date of appointment of IRP / RP to the date of notification specifying the special procedure for corporate debtors undergoing CIRP, shall be available for refund to the erstwhile registration under the head refund of cash ledger, even though the relevant FORM GSTR-3B/GSTR-1 are not filed for the said period. The instructions contained in Circular NoGST/2019-20/1920068/740/Commercial tax. circulation 25.11.2019 stands modified to this extent.

^{4.} It is requested that suitable trade notices may be issued to publicize the contents of this circular.

(Amrita Soni)
Commissioner, Commercial Tax,
Uttar Pradesh

^{5.} Difficulty, if any, in the implementation of the above instructions may please be brought to the notice of the Commissioner.

^{6.} Hindi version will follow soon.