

पत्रांक/जी.एस.टी./2018-19/ 1819017 /

331/वाणिज्य कर

कार्यालय-कमिश्नर,वाणिज्य कर,

उत्तर प्रदेश।

(जी.एस.टी. अनुभाग)

लखनऊ:दिनांक-२२, जून, 2018

समस्त जोनल एडीशनल कमिश्नर,
एडीशनल कमिश्नर ग्रेड-2(वि0अनु0शा0),
ज्वाइन्ट कमिश्नर(कार्यपालक),
ज्वाइन्ट कमिश्नर(वि0अनु0शा0)
वाणिज्य कर, उत्तर प्रदेश ।

विषय:- जी.एस.टी. से संबंधित कतिपय बिन्दुओं पर क्लेरिफिकेशन के सम्बन्ध में।

जी.एस.टी. पॉलिसी विंग, केन्द्रीय अप्रत्यक्ष कर एवं सीमा शुल्क बोर्ड, नई दिल्ली द्वारा SEZ तथा जाब वर्क के लिए अप्रयुक्त I.T.C. के रिफण्ड से संबंधित कतिपय बिन्दुओं के संबंध में क्लेरिफिकेशन हेतु Circular No- 48/22/2018-GST दिनांक 14.06.2018 जारी किया गया है।

उक्त परिपत्र की छायाप्रति इस पत्र के साथ संलग्न कर इस निर्देश के साथ प्रेषित हैं कि अपने अधीनस्थ अधिकारियों को अवगत कराते हुये अनुपालन एवं विभिन्न व्यापारिक संगठनों को भी अपने स्तर से अवगत कराना सुनिश्चित करें।

यह पत्र कमिश्नर, वाणिज्य कर उत्तर प्रदेश के अनुमोदनोपरान्त जारी किया जा रहा है।
संलग्नक:- उपरोक्तानुसार।

भवदीय

(विवेक कुमार)

एडीशनल कमिश्नर (जी.एस.टी.),
वाणिज्य कर मुख्यालय, लखनऊ।

Draft Circular No. 48/22/2018-GST

**F. No. CBEC/20/16/03/2017-GST
Government of India
Ministry of Finance
Department of Revenue
Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs
GST Policy Wing**

New Delhi, Dated the 14th June, 2018

To,

The Principal Chief Commissioners/ Chief Commissioners/Principal Commissioners/
Commissioners of Central Tax (All)/

The Principal Directors General/ Directors General (All)

Madam/Sir,

Subject: Clarifications of certain issues under GST- regarding

Representations have been received seeking clarification on certain issues under the GST laws. The same have been examined and the clarifications on the same are as below:

Sl. No.	Issue	Clarification
1.	Whether services of short-term accommodation, conferencing, banqueting etc. provided to a Special Economic Zone (SEZ) developer or a SEZ unit should be treated as an inter-State supply (under section 7(5)(b) of the IGST Act, 2017) or an intra-State supply (under section 12(3)(c) of the IGST Act, 2017)?	1.1 As per section 7(5) (b) of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (IGST Act in short), the supply of goods or services or both to a SEZ developer or a SEZ unit shall be treated to be a supply of goods or services or both in the course of inter-State trade or commerce. Whereas, as per section 12(3)(c) of the IGST Act, the place of supply of services by way of accommodation in any immovable property for organising any functions shall be the location at which the immovable property is located. Thus, in such cases, if the location of the supplier and the place of supply is in the same State/ Union territory, it would be

		<p>treated as an intra-State supply.</p> <p>1.2 It is an established principle of interpretation of statutes that in case of an apparent conflict between two provisions, the specific provision shall prevail over the general provision.</p> <p>1.3 In the instant case, section 7(5)(b) of the IGST Act is a specific provision relating to supplies of goods or services or both made to a SEZ developer or a SEZ unit, which states that such supplies shall be treated as inter-State supplies.</p> <p>1.4 It is therefore, clarified that services of short term accommodation, conferencing, banqueting etc., provided to a SEZ developer or a SEZ unit shall be treated as an inter-State supply.</p>
	<p>2. Whether the benefit of zero rated supply can be allowed to all procurements by a SEZ developer or a SEZ unit such as event management services, hotel and accommodation services, consumables etc?</p>	<p>2.1 As per section 16(1) of the IGST Act, "zero rated supplies" means supplies of goods or services or both to a SEZ developer or a SEZ unit. Whereas, section 16(3) of the IGST Act provides for refund to a registered person making zero rated supplies under bond/LUT or on payment of integrated tax, subject to such conditions, safeguards and procedure as may be prescribed. Further, as per the second proviso to rule 89(1) of the Central Goods and Services Tax Rules, 2017 (CGST Rules in short), in respect of supplies to a SEZ developer or a SEZ unit, the application for refund shall be filed by the:</p> <p>(a) supplier of goods after such goods have been admitted in full in the SEZ for authorised operations, as endorsed by the specified officer of the Zone;</p> <p>(b) supplier of services along with such evidences regarding receipt of services for authorised operations as endorsed by the specified officer of the Zone.</p> <p>2.2 A conjoint reading of the above legal provisions reveals that the supplies to a SEZ developer or a SEZ unit shall be zero rated and the supplier shall be eligible for refund of unutilized input tax credit or integrated tax paid, as the case</p>

		<p>may be, only if such supplies have been received by the SEZ developer or SEZ unit for authorized operations. An endorsement to this effect shall have to be issued by the specified officer of the Zone.</p> <p>2.3 Therefore, subject to the provisions of section 17(5) of the CGST Act, if event management services, hotel, accommodation services, consumables etc. are received by a SEZ developer or a SEZ unit for authorised operations, as endorsed by the specified officer of the Zone, the benefit of zero rated supply shall be available in such cases to the supplier.</p>
3.	<p>Whether independent fabric processors (job workers) in the textile sector supplying job work services are eligible for refund of unutilized input tax credit on account of inverted duty structure under section 54(3) of the CGST Act, 2017, even if the goods (fabrics) supplied are covered under notification No. 5/2017-Central Tax (Rate) dated 28.06.2017?</p>	<p>3.1 Notification No. 5/2017-Central Tax (Rate) dated 28.06.2017 specifies the goods in respect of which refund of unutilized input tax credit (ITC) on account of inverted duty structure under section 54(3) of the CGST Act shall not be allowed where the credit has accumulated on account of rate of tax on inputs being higher than the rate of tax on output supplies of such goods. However, in case of fabric processors, the output supply is the supply of job work services and not of goods (fabrics).</p> <p>3.2 Hence, it is clarified that the fabric processors shall be eligible for refund of unutilized ITC on account of inverted duty structure under section 54(3) of the CGST Act even if the goods (fabrics) supplied to them are covered under notification No. 5/2017-Central Tax (Rate) dated 28.06.2017.</p>

2. It is requested that suitable trade notices may be issued to publicize the contents of this Circular.

3. Difficulty if any, in the implementation of this Circular may be brought to the notice of the Board. Hindi version will follow.

(Upendar Gupta)
Commissioner (GST)

